Туре	Feature	Area	Safety buffer
В	—Metallic and the MAOP produces a hoop stress of less than 20 percent of SMYS. If the stress level is unknown, an operator must determine the stress level according to the applicable provisions in subpart C of this part.  —Non-metallic and the MAOP is 125 psig (862 kPa) or less.	Area 1. Class 3 or 4 location	from the area to a point where the line is at least 150 feet (45.7 m) from the nearest dwelling in the area. However, if a cluster of dwell- ings in Area 2 (b) or 2(c) qualifies a

[Amdt. 192-102, 71 FR 13302, Mar. 15, 2006]

## § 192.9 What requirements apply to gathering lines?

- (a) Requirements. An operator of a gathering line must follow the safety requirements of this part as prescribed by this section.
- (b) Offshore lines. An operator of an offshore gathering line must comply with requirements of this part applicable to transmission lines, except the requirements in §§ 192.150, 192.285(e), 192.493, 192.506, 192.607, 192.619(e), 192.624, 192.710, 192.712, and in subpart O of this part.
- (c) Type A lines. An operator of a Type A regulated onshore gathering line must comply with the requirements of this part applicable to transmission lines, except the requirements in §§ 192.150, 192.285(e), 192.493, 192.506, 192.607, 192.619(e), 192.624, 192.710, 192.712, and in subpart O of this part. However, operators of Type A regulated onshore gathering lines in a Class 2 location may demonstrate compliance with subpart N by describing the processes it uses to determine the qualification of persons performing operations and maintenance tasks.
- (d) *Type B lines*. An operator of a Type B regulated onshore gathering line must comply with the following requirements:
- (1) If a line is new, replaced, relocated, or otherwise changed, the design, installation, construction, initial inspection, and initial testing must be in accordance with requirements of this part applicable to transmission lines except the requirements in

- §§ 192.67, 192.127, 192.205, 192.227(c), 192.285(e), and 192.506;
- (2) If the pipeline is metallic, control corrosion according to requirements of subpart I of this part applicable to transmission lines except the requirements in § 192.493:
- (3) If the pipeline contains plastic pipe or components, the operator must comply with all applicable requirements of this part for plastic pipe components:
- (4) Carry out a damage prevention program under §192.614;
- (5) Establish a public education program under § 192.616;
- (6) Establish the MAOP of the line under § 192.619(a), (b), and (c);
- (7) Install and maintain line markers according to the requirements for transmission lines in §192.707; and
- (8) Conduct leakage surveys in accordance with the requirements for transmission lines in §192.706, using leak-detection equipment, and promptly repair hazardous leaks in accordance with §192.703(c).
- (e) Compliance deadlines. An operator of a regulated onshore gathering line must comply with the following deadlines, as applicable.
- (1) An operator of a new, replaced, relocated, or otherwise changed line must be in compliance with the applicable requirements of this section by the date the line goes into service, unless an exception in §192.13 applies.
- (2) If a regulated onshore gathering line existing on April 14, 2006 was not previously subject to this part, an operator has until the date stated in the second column to comply with the applicable requirement for the line listed

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in the first column, unless the Administrator finds a later deadline is justified in a particular case:

Requirement	Compliance deadline
Control corrosion according to Subpart I requirements for transmission lines.	April 15, 2009.
Carry out a damage prevention program under § 192.614.	October 15, 2007.
Establish MAOP under § 192.619.	October 15, 2007.
Install and maintain line mark- ers under § 192.707.	April 15, 2008.
Establish a public education program under § 192.616.	April 15, 2008.
Other provisions of this part as required by paragraph (c) of this section for Type A lines.	April 15, 2009.

(3) If, after April 14, 2006, a change in class location or increase in dwelling density causes an onshore gathering line to be a regulated onshore gathering line, the operator has 1 year for Type B lines and 2 years for Type A lines after the line becomes a regulated onshore gathering line to comply with this section.

[Amdt. 192–102, 71 FR 13301, Mar. 15, 2006, as amended by Amdt. 192–120, 80 FR 12777, Mar. 11, 2015; Amdt. 192–124, 83 FR 58716, Nov. 20, 2018; Amdt. No. 192–125, 84 FR 52244, Oct. 1, 2019]

### § 192.10 Outer continental shelf pipelines.

Operators of transportation pipelines on the Outer Continental Shelf (as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act; 43 U.S.C. 1331) must identify on all their respective pipelines the specific points at which operating responsibility transfers to a producing operator. For those instances in which the transfer points are not identifiable by a durable marking, each operator will have until September 15, 1998 to identify the transfer points. If it is not practicable to durably mark a transfer point and the transfer point is located above water, the operator must depict the transfer point on a schematic located near the transfer point. If a transfer point is located subsea, then the operator must identify the transfer point on a schematic which must be maintained at the nearest upstream facility and provided to PHMSA upon request. For those cases in which adjoining operators have not agreed on a transfer point by September 15, 1998 the Regional Director and the MMS Regional Supervisor will make a joint determination of the transfer point.

[Amdt. 192–81, 62 FR 61695, Nov. 19, 1997, as amended at 70 FR 11139, Mar. 8, 2005]

#### § 192.11 Petroleum gas systems.

- (a) Each plant that supplies petroleum gas by pipeline to a natural gas distribution system must meet the requirements of this part and NFPA 58 and NFPA 59 (incorporated by reference, see §192.7).
- (b) Each pipeline system subject to this part that transports only petroleum gas or petroleum gas/air mixtures must meet the requirements of this part and of ANSI/NFPA 58 and 59.
- (c) In the event of a conflict between this part and NFPA 58 and NFPA 59 (incorporated by reference, *see* §192.7), NFPA 58 and NFPA 59 prevail.

[Amdt. 192–78, 61 FR 28783, June 6, 1996, as amended by Amdt. 192–119, 80 FR 180, Jan. 5, 2015; 80 FR 46847, Aug. 6, 2015]

# § 192.12 Underground natural gas storage facilities.

Underground natural gas storage facilities (UNGSFs), as defined in §192.3, are not subject to any requirements of this part aside from this section.

- (a) Salt cavern UNGSFs. (1) Each UNGSF that uses a solution-mined salt cavern for natural gas storage and was constructed after March 13, 2020, must meet all the provisions of API RP 1170 (incorporated by reference, see §192.7), the provisions of section 8 of API RP 1171 (incorporated by reference, see §192.7) that are applicable to the physical characteristics and operations of a solution-mined salt cavern UNGSF, and paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section prior to commencing operations.
- (2) Each UNGSF that uses a solutionmined salt cavern for natural gas storage and was constructed between July 18, 2017, and March 13, 2020, must meet all the provisions of API RP 1170 (incorporated by reference, see §192.7) and paragraph (c) of this section prior to commencing operations, and must meet all the provisions of section 8 of API RP 1171 (incorporated by reference, see §192.7) that are applicable to the physical characteristics and operations of a solution-mined salt cavern